# TROXOCOPTES MINUTUS gen. n., sp. n. (Acari, Acaridae), A NEW HYPOPUS PHORETIC ON A BEETLE TROX COSTATUS\*

by A. FAIN\*\* and I.R. PHILIPS\*\*\*

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The new phoretic hypopus described herein was found by J.P. under the elytra of a small siamese beetle *Trox costatus*. The mites were settled individually into pits on the external surface of the elytra. It belongs to a new genus and species *Troxocoptes minutus* sp. n.

#### Troxocoptes gen. n.

Definition: Body very small, oval with posterior margin narrowly membranous. Dorsum: A well-developed sejugal furrow is present dorsally a little in front of the middle of the body. There are two poorly-sclerotized and pitted plates, one propodosomal, the other hysterosomal. Venter: Epimeres very poorly sclerotized, almost indistinct. Palposoma formed of a very short base wider than long bearing a pair of bisegmented palpal prolongations; suctorial plate absent. Legs short and very thick ending in a short and thick claw with a vestigital pretarsus. Chaetotaxy: Setae vi vestigial, represented by their bases, ve thin and short; sce longer than sci; hysteronotal setae branched and displaced laterally, are present d 1 to d 5, l 1 to l 5, h. Leg chaetotaxy (I to IV): Trochanters 1-1-1-0. Femora 1-1-0-0. Genua 2-2-0-0. Tibiae 2-2-1-1. Tarsi I and II with a very big dorso-preapical spine and 8 simple setae. Tarsi III and IV with 5 spines and 3 simple setae. Solenidiotaxy: Tarsus I and II with only  $\omega$  1. Tibiae 1-1-1.1. Genua 1-1-0-0.

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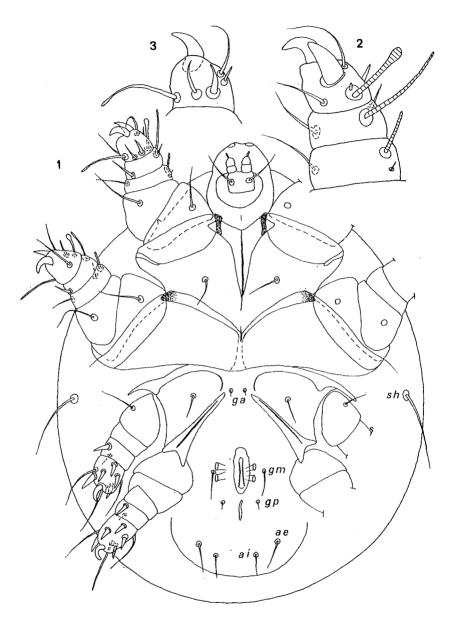


Fig. 1-3. — 1. Troxocoptes minutus sp. n. Hypopus, in ventral view; 2. Genu, tibia and tarsus I in dorsal view; 3. Tarsus I in ventral view.

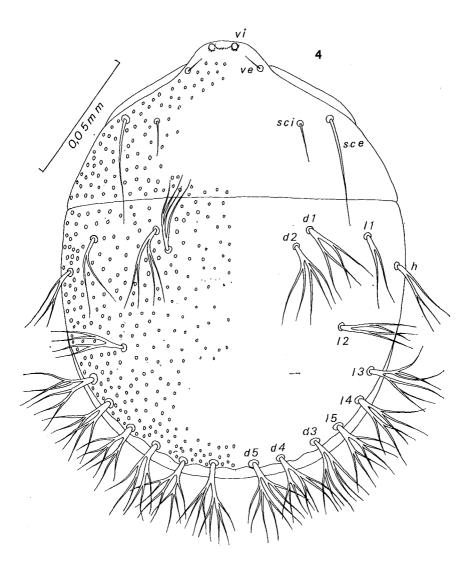


Fig. 4. — Troxocoptes minutus sp. n. Hypopus in dorsal view.

Type species: Troxocoptes minutus sp. n.

#### Troxocoptes minutus sp. n.

This species is known only from the hypopial form.

Hypopus (fig. 1-4): Holotype 168  $\mu$  long, 133  $\mu$  wide. In 4 paratypes these measurements are 160  $\times$  120  $\mu$ ; 165  $\times$  129  $\mu$ ; 185  $\times$  158  $\mu$ ; 195  $\times$  155  $\mu$  (strongly flattened). Body slightly narrowed in anterior extremity. Dorsum: as described for the genus. Venter: Epimeres I fused in a rather long sternum. Epimeres II fused in the midline. Epimeres III almost fused with epimeres IV. All the ventral setae are short and thin except sh distinctly longer. There are 3 pairs of genitals and 2 pairs of anals. Legs: ending in a thick and sessile claw whose base is enveloped by a very short membranous pretarsus. Chaetotaxy as described for the genus.

## Host and locality:

Holotype and 7 paratypes, all hypopi, attached in small pits on the surface of the elytra of the beetle *Trox costatus* Wied., from Siam, Coll. J.R. Philips. Holotype in U.S. National Museum, Washington DC, U.S.A. Other hosts: *Trox montalbanensi* Sch., Luzon and *Trox* sp., Wau, New Guinea.

#### Remark:

We attach this new genus Troxocoptes to the Acaridae owing to the presence of nonpedunculate claws on the legs and the presence of v e setae. It is, however clearly distinct from all the other genera in this family by the lateral displacement of the hysteronotal setae, the presence of very big dorsal preapical spines on tarsi I-IV, the segmented aspect of the palposoma.

### Acknowledgements

We thank Dr. R.G. Gordon for permission to examine the collection of Trogidae in the U.S. National Museum.

### Summary

Troxocoptes minutus gen. n., sp. n. (Acari, Acaridae) a new hypopus phoretic on a beetle Trox costatus (Coleoptera) from Siam, is described.

## Bibliography

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