

## A NEW GENUS AND SPECIES OF LARVAL EUTROMBIDIINAE THOR, 1935 (ACARI: MICROTROMBIDIIDAE) FROM AN AFROTROPICAL SPIDER

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**SUMMARY** - The larva of *Spinnitrombium kenyense* nov. gen., nov. spec. (Acari: Microtrombidiidae: Eutrombidiinae) is described from a spider, *Metaleptyphantes perexiguus* (Sim & Fage) (Linyphiidae), from Kenya.

**RÉSUMÉ** - La larve de *Spinnitrombium kenyense* nov. gen., nov. spec. (Acari: Microtrombidiidae: Eutrombidiinae) est décrite d'une araignée, *Metaleptyphantes perexiguus* (Sim & Fage) (Linyphiidae) du Kenya.

### INTRODUCTION

The new trombidiid larval mite described here was collected by the junior author from a spider, *Metaleptyphantes perexiguus* (Sim & Fage) (female), from Kenya. It represents a new genus and species, *Spinnitrombium kenyense*, in the Microtrombidiidae, Eutrombidiinae.

The subfamily Eutrombidiinae has been revised by Southcott (1993). It includes at present 3 tribes: Eutrombidiini Thor, 1947, Milliotrombidiini Southcott, 1993 and Hexathrombiini Fain & Drugmand, 1993.

The new genus belongs to Eutrombidiini but it is clearly distinct from the other two genera (*Eutrombidium* Verduin, 1909 and *Verdunella* Southcott, 1993) included in this tribe in the presence of only 2 claws on leg I and II (the anterior claw being lacking). The new genus is close to *Verdunella* in the location of the eyes which are incorporated in the anterior scutum.

All measurements are in micrometers ( $\mu\text{m}$ ). The metric data are those of Southcott (1986). The symbols of the specialized setae follow Fain (1992) and Fain & Baker (1993).

### Genus *Spinnitrombium* nov. gen.

**Definition:** This genus presents some characters described for *Verdunella* Southcott, i.e. the incorporation of the eyes in an extension of the anterior scutum, the presence of a long barbed seta on the palptarsus, the poor development of idiosomal chaetotaxy, the number of setae

on legs I-III (excluding tarsi), the situation of medial seta of coxa I (removed from the internal border of this coxa).

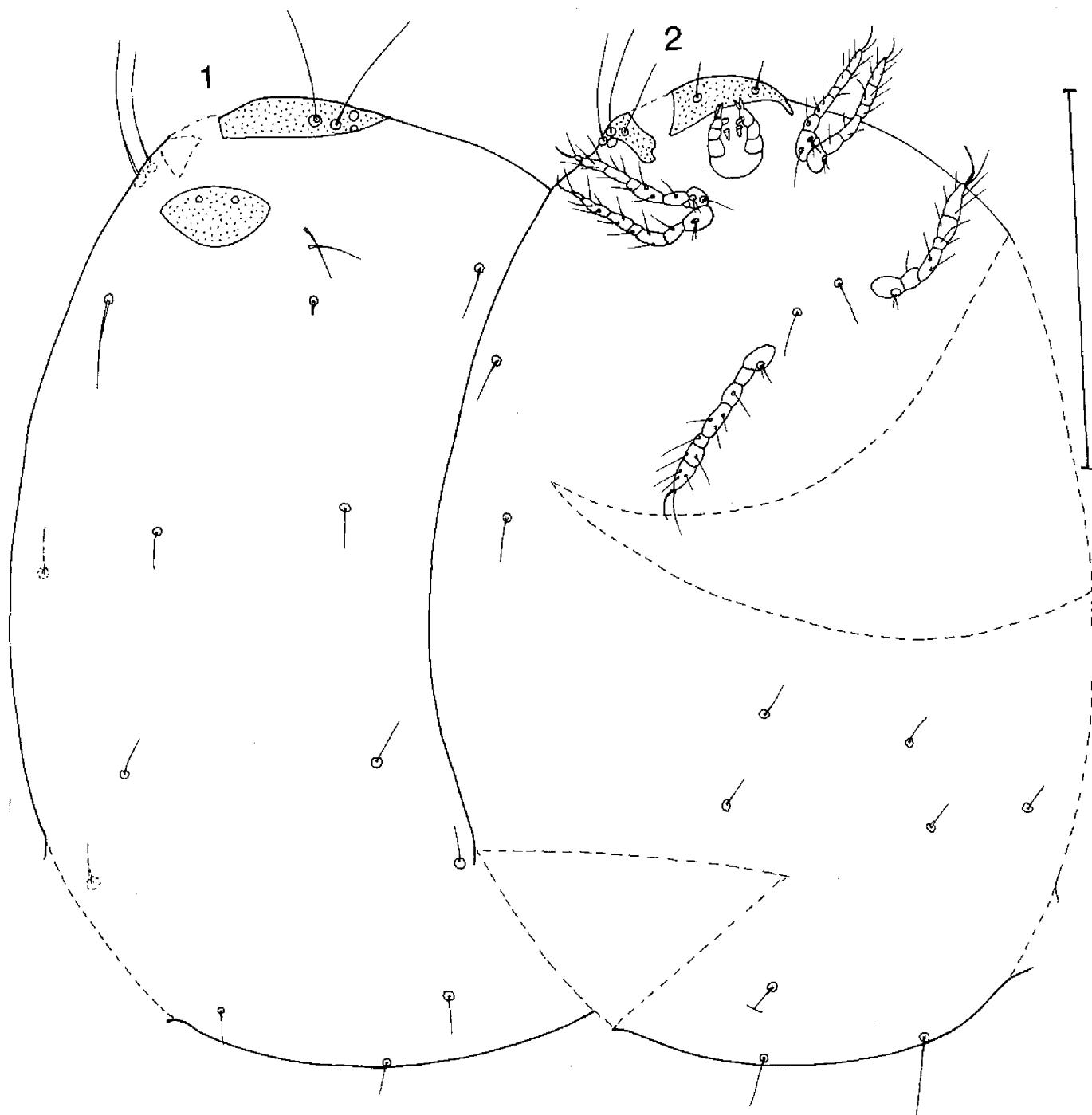
It differs from *Verdunella lockleii* by the following characters: complete absence of the anterior claw on tarsi I and II, anterior claw of tarsus III banana-shaped, presence of one eupathidium (ventral) on both tarsi I and II,  $\omega I$  sub-basal and much longer, the two  $\sigma I$  situated almost at the same transverse level.

In *Spinnitrombium* the hypostomal setae are very thick and banana-shaped, the apical palpal tibial spine is deeply forked, and the chitinous ring surrounding the mouth presents vestigial indentations.

**Type species:** *Spinnitrombium kenyense* nov. spec.

### *Spinnitrombium kenyense* nov. spec.

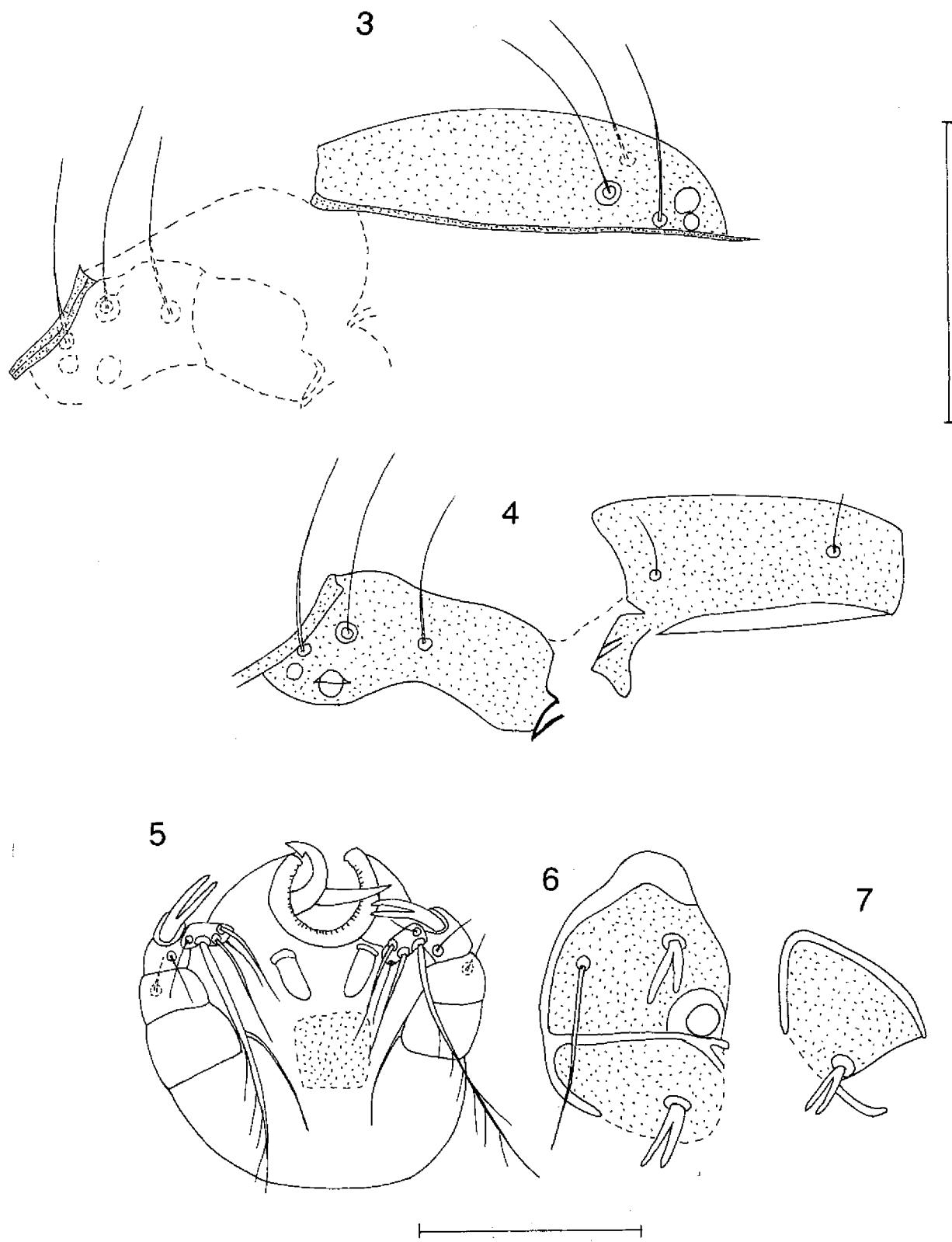
**Larva**, holotype (Figs. 1-12): **Metric data:** see table I. This specimen was strongly engorged and partly crushed in mounting. Total length of idiosoma 1260, maximum width 840. **Dorsum:** scutum finely punctate. Sensilla smooth, very thin. PL relatively thick without distinct pectinations and inserted very close to the posterior eyes. Diameter of eyes 8,5 and 7 respectively. Postero-median shield with posterior border strongly convex. The setae *QW* have been rubbed off and are visible in the slide mount at some distance from the shield. Idiosoma apparently with 7 pairs of smooth and thin setae. **Venter:** Intercoxal setae III smooth, 40 long. Medial smooth seta of coxa I 38 long. Lateral setae of coxae I-III very deeply bifid. Coxae II-III bearing only a bifid seta. Urstigma circular (Fig. 6). Opisthogaster with 4 or 5 pairs of short



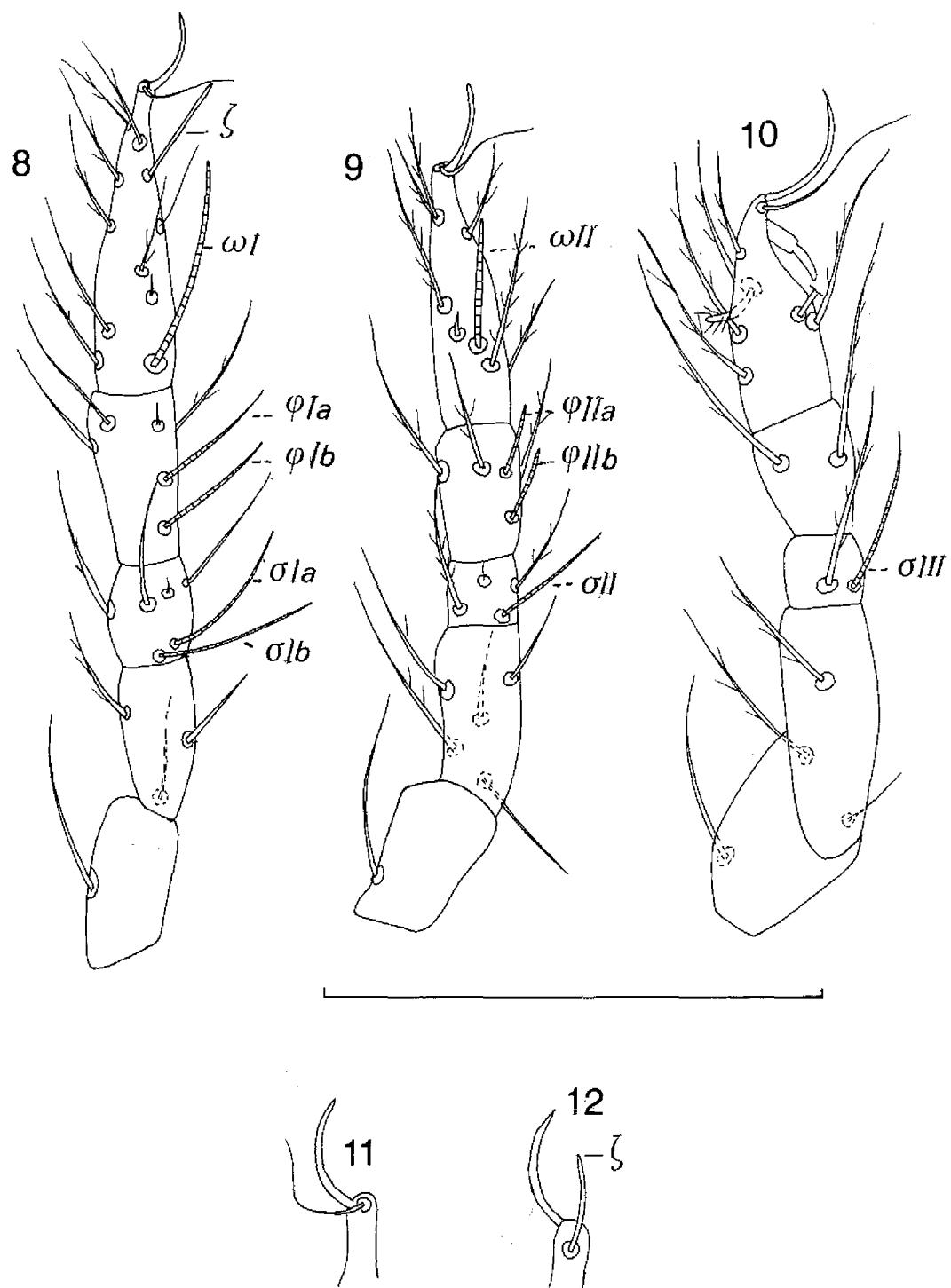
Figs. 1-2. *Spinnitrombium kenyense* nov. spec. (larva) - 1. dorsal view, 2. ventral view. Scale line 500 µm.

and thin smooth setae. Legs with 5 free segments, femora entire. Leg chaetotaxy: Trochanters 1-1-1, femora 6-5-4, genua 4-2-2, tibiae 6-5-5. Most of these setae bearing a

few short barbules, the others smooth. Tarsi I and II each with a ventral eupathidia, situated close to the base of posterior claw. Gnathosoma 90 long and 75 wide, the ring



Figs. 3-7. *Spinnitrombium kenyense* nov. spec. (larva) - 3. anterodorsal shield in dorsal view, 4. anterodorsal shield in ventral view, 5. gnathosoma, 6. coxae I and II, 7. coxa III. Scale lines 100 µm (Figs. 3-4) and 50 µm (Figs. 5-7).



Figs. 8-12. *Spinitrombium kenyense* nov. spec. (larva) - 8. leg I in dorsal view, 9. leg II in dorsal view, 10. leg III in dorsolateral view, 11. apical portion of leg I in dorsal view, 12. apical portion of leg I in ventral view. Scale line 100  $\mu\text{m}$  (Figs. 8-10).

Table 1. Metric data of *Verdunella lockleii* (Welbourn & Young, 1988) and *Spinnitrombium kenyense* n.g., n.sp.  
 N.B. 1. The symbols used by Welbourn & Young are in parentheses. 2. The coxa and the claws are not included in the length of the legs.

	<i>V. lockleii</i>		<i>S. kenyense</i>		<i>V. lockleii</i>		<i>S. kenyense</i>		
	Original description		From Southcott, 1993		Original description		From Southcott, 1993		
	Holo-type	Paratypes (mean)	2 specimens	Holotype	Holo-type	Paratypes (mean)	2 specimens	Holotype	
Character				Character					
AM (AM)	14	14	16	23	Tal	-	-	71;73	48
AL (AL)	33	33	32;36	60	TalII	-	-	66;66	39
PL (PL)	70	68	64;68	56	TalIII	-	-	58;59	60
SE (S)	72	65	c.60	65	Til	-	-	37;38	35
AMB (AA)	-	61	-	58	TilII	-	-	38;36	28
AW (AW)	-	85	c.180;182	c.120	TilIII	-	-	40;38	30
PW (PW)	-	186	c.170;176	c.135	Gel	-	-	22;22	15
AP (AP)	35	37	38;36	-	GelII	-	-	15;15	12
SA	-	-	32;33	-	GelIII	-	-	14;14	15
SP	-	-	23-21	c.20	Fel	-	-	45;46	41
SB (SB)	139	131	135-140	c.98	FelII	-	-	38;41	39
L (SD)	-	138	c.180	-	FelIII	-	-	41;41	36
W	-	-	229	-	Trol	-	-	-	27
ASB (ASB)	-	116	c.150	-	Troll	-	-	-	30
PSB	31	28	30;31	-	TrollIII	-	-	-	28
PSW (LSS)	175	166	179;180	140					
PSL (HS)	85	82	79;82	78	ωI	22	20	-	42
QW (SS)	33	35	33;40	49	φIa	19	22	-	25
QL (cl)	-	65	66;70	48	φIb	14	16	-	26
PLN	-	-	15;18	12	σIa	24	25	-	30
DS	-	-	26-58	30-45	σIb	25	23	-	30
LPS	-	-	62	-	ωII	18	18	-	18
Legs (L)					φIIa	12	12	-	15
Leg I	200	196	-	150	φIIb	15	16	-	18
Leg II	190	184	-	141	σII	17	21	-	27
Leg III	173	172	-	129	σIII	25	21	-	28

around the mouth bearing vestigial indentations (Fig. 5). Hypostomal setae banana-shaped, 12 long and 4.8 wide. Palptarsus with 5 setae of which one is 45 long and barbed, no solenidion observed.

**Host and locality:** The holotype larva, and only known specimen, was attached to the abdomen of a spider, *Metaleptyphantes peregrinus* (Sim & Fage) (Linyphiidae), collected in Betty's Garden, Wilifi, Kenya. The spider was collected by J. Murphy (31.VIII.1977) and the mite by R.Jocqué. Holotype is deposited in Musée royal de l'Afrique centrale, Tervuren, Belgium.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We thank Dr. C. Welbourn, Gainesville, Florida, USA for the loan of the holotype of *E. lockleii*.

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