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REPORT

Taxonomic training & access to collections in Belgium

NOTICE

The present questionnaire must arrive with the Belgian National Focal Point to the Global Taxonomy Initiative within one month of the official closure of the capacity building visits. Electronic submission on the general e-mail address of the Belgian GTI NFP (cbd-gti@naturalsciences.be) is strongly encouraged. If electronic submission should however be impossible, paper copies may be sent by fax or ordinary mail. The Belgian GTI NFP will acknowledge receipt of all project reports.

If grantees have relevant pictures to illustrate their capacity building visit, these may be annexed to the report. The Belgian National Focal Point might use some of these pictures in one of its reporting activities, but only after the copyright holder has given his permission.

Contact and further information

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PART I – CANDIDATE INFORMATION		
Family name:	Barreto	
First name(s):	Mauricio	
Nationality:	Colombian	
Date of arrival and departure in / from Belgium	December 2-20, 2013.	
Number of training days:	18	
Type of visit	XX Mainly training in taxonomy and collection management XX Mainly access to collections Other, specify	
Location of training:	XX Royal Belgian Institute of Natural Sciences, Brussels Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren National Botanic Garden of Belgium, Meise Other, specify	
PART II - GENERAL INFORMATION		
Describe concisely how you have learned about the Belgian GTI Project	I learned by an announcement in the web page of the Colombian Focal Point on Biodiversity (Humboldt Institute)	
Describe concisely how you have learned about this specific call for proposals	After my first visit to RBINS I was looking periodically the website of the Belgian National Focal Point to the Global Taxonomy Initiative.	
If this was your first study visit financed via the Belgian GTI National Focal Point, describe concisely why you needed capacity building in taxonomy and collection management		
If this was not your first study visit financed via the Belgian GTI National Focal Point, describe concisely why you needed further support	In this third visit I worked on mites of mammals from Colombia and Melicharid flower mites. Also, we finished a manuscript describing two new species of Myobiidae, one found on a Colombian rodent and the other was in the RBINS collection as an unidentified species from Brazil. The manuscript was accepted in an international journal.	

Describe concisely what support (e.g., training, access to collections) you have received and how this training can be related to taxonomy and /or collection management. Describe concisely how your gained capacity will help you in your professional duties Describe concisely how your gained capacity will be implemented in your professional duties Describe concisely how your gained capacity will be implemented in your institution Describe concisely how your gained capacity will be implemented in your institution Describe concisely what other support you eventually still need to become fully functional Describe concisely what other support you eventually would need Describe concisely what other support you eventually would need Describe concisely how your gained capacity how your gained capacity will be implemented in your institution will be instituted in your ins		
your gained capacity will help you in your professional duties Information is of great value on my studies on Colombian ectoparasitic and ectosymbiotic mites. For example, I found many publications on Colombian mites that I was not aware before. Also, when studying type material I realized the importance of some minute characters very important for an accurate identification. Describe concisely how your gained capacity will be implemented in your institution Part of my work at the Universidad del Valle includes research and training of students, with the new information and abilities that I gained during my time at the RBINS, I will open new lines of research and science development. Also, I am in a better position to collaborated in interdisciplinary biodiversity studies in Colombia. I hope that the description of a new species of rodent mite is the first of a series of contributions on Colombian mites associated with mammals. I would need support to study other families of mites associated with mammals in Colombia, as well as, Melicharid mites found on Colombian birds and flowers. Describe concisely what infrastructural and human resources you and your institution eventually still need to become fully functional Describe concisely how you think the Belgian GTI National Focal Point could further construct capacity for you and your institution The visits to the RBINS are an excellent opportunity to increase my knowledge and taxonomic capacity not only on mites but on other arthropods. For example, the unpublished information of the rathropods. For example, the unpublished information albipunctata, a moth fly, was commented with colleagues and	support (e.g. training, access to collections,) you have received and how this training can be related to taxonomy and /or	ith access to reprints and different publications on this group nder the guidance of Dr. Bochkov. Also, I studied type material holotypes, paratypes) of myobids and melicharid mites
your gained capacity will be implemented in your institution and training of students, with the new information and abilities that I gained during my time at the RBINS, I will open new lines of research and science development. Also, I am in a better position to collaborated in interdisciplinary biodiversity studies in Colombia. Describe concisely what other support you eventually would need I hope that the description of a new species of rodent mite is the first of a series of contributions on Colombian mites associated with mammals. I would need support to study other families of mites associated with mammals in Colombia, as well as, Melicharid mites found on Colombian birds and flowers. Describe concisely what infrastructural and human resources you and your institution eventually still need to become fully functional A very important equipment that we do not have in the laboratory is a good microscope with drawing tube and photomicrographic system that is essential to start describing some of the new species found. Describe concisely how you think the Belgian GTI National Focal Point could further construct capacity for you and your institution The visits to the RBINS are an excellent opportunity to increase my knowledge and taxonomic capacity not only on mites but on other arthropods. For example, the unpublished information shared by Dr. Wouter Dekoninck on the biology of Clogmia albipunctata, a moth fly, was commented with colleagues and	your gained capacity will help you in your professional duties make be im	formation is of great value on my studies on Colombian ctoparasitic and ectosymbiotic mites. For example, I found eany publications on Colombian mites that I was not aware before. Also, when studying type material I realized the apportance of some minute characters very important for an
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PART III – TAXON SPECIFIC INFORMATION		
What is your taxon of interest	Acari, parasitic mites	
Describe concisely the different methodologies for collecting your taxon.	Mites could be collected directly from alive birds or mammals taking small samples from feathers or hairs from different body areas. Also, many mites can be obtained from dead vertebrates washing the body in water with soup and flushing their nasal cavities. Dry combing is another way to obtain mites. We have a good number of mites collected from skin of birds preserved in the collection of our university. The skins were first exanimate under a stereoscopic and later genteelly shake with a small piece of wood on a white paper. This procedure did not harm the skins.	
Describe concisely how to best preserve collected specimens of your taxon for taxonomic purposes	Mites are best preserved in ethanol 75%, for study they have to be in lactic acid 75% at room temperature for 3-4 weeks, or 30-50 minutes near 80°C. Mites are then placed in a cavity slide with a cover split and examined under the microscope. Also, permanent microslides can be made with polyvinyl alcohol.	
Describe concisely the best practice in the management of a collection of your taxon	All specimens have to be properly labelled. A locality label should include host, date, collector as well as the locality. An identification label should be with the family, genus, species, date of determination, the name of the person responsible of this identification and the mounting medium. An accession number to the data book should be also written. Additional information should be in the data book. Although there are some very elaborated computer programs to handled all this data, we are using Excel with good results.	
Describe concisely how you intend to make your taxonomic data available to other colleagues		

Have you been briefed on the aims, scope and contents of the journal AbcTaxa?	Yes, and I found very interesting papers on this journal.
Do you think you have enough capacity to make a contribution to <i>Abc Taxa</i> ?	XX No, I still lack capacity Yes, if I get adequate guidance and support from my tutors Yes, I feel able to do this autonomously Other, specify
If you feel capable to contribute meaningfully to Abc Taxa, are you willing to do so	 No No, I have no time to develop such a capacity building manual Yes, I will send a proposal along the lines stipulated on the website of <i>Abc Taxa</i>

